

# Flexible sigmoidoscopy using Fleet enema

## Outpatient Department Patient Information Leaflet

### Introduction

This leaflet is for people who are having a flexible sigmoidoscopy with a bowel preparation called Fleet enema. It gives information on what a sigmoidoscopy is, the benefits and risks of it and what happens before, during and after the procedure.

### What is a sigmoidoscopy?

A sigmoidoscopy is an examination of the rectum and lower bowel, known medically as the sigmoid colon. The rectum is your back passage.

The instrument used to perform the procedure is called a flexible sigmoidoscope. This is a slim, flexible tube with a light at the tip which is passed into the rectum. The image from the sigmoidoscope is transferred to a screen. This allows the operator to view the areas of the bowel which require close inspection, to make a diagnosis.

The procedure is not usually painful but may be a little uncomfortable. Some patients experience a feeling of fullness and bloating which is mainly due to air which is passed into the bowel through a channel in the sigmoidoscope.

The air is important as it inflates the bowel slightly, allowing the operator to inspect the bowel thoroughly. Any feelings of bloating or abdominal discomfort should quickly pass once the procedure has been completed.

## **What are the benefits?**

Your GP or hospital doctor will have advised that you have your bowel inspected very carefully. This procedure is a good way to investigate symptoms such as:

- Passing blood from the back passage
- Pain in the abdominal (stomach) area
- A change in bowel habits

There may be other reasons why your doctor has referred you for this test. You may already have had a barium investigation in the X-ray department but a sigmoidoscopy is a better way of inspecting the lining of the bowel more closely.

Sometimes, it is necessary to take small samples of the lining of the bowel. This can be undertaken during sigmoidoscopy. The samples (biopsies) are sent to the laboratory for analysis. This helps to make a diagnosis.

## **What are the risks?**

Flexible sigmoidoscopy is a very safe procedure and complications are rare.

However, as with all procedures and operations, there are some risks involved. Very rarely, you may get bleeding from or damage to the bowel. This may require admission to hospital for observation, treatment or surgical repair.

Some patients experience mild discomfort or a feeling of fullness or bloating. This usually settles quickly after completion of the test.

We will give you aftercare information before you leave hospital.

## What are the alternatives?

Although your hospital consultant feels that this is the best way to proceed at present, there may be alternatives depending on your condition or treatment. If you wish to discuss this, please speak to either the doctor who has suggested you have this procedure or to your GP.

## What preparation will I need?

Three days before your appointment, you must stop taking all medication to control diarrhoea and iron tablets.

You should stop eating foods which contain fibre three days before your procedure. Fibre cannot be digested and adds bulk to your stools. Your bowel needs to be completely empty to ensure your procedure goes well.

### **Foods to avoid include:**

- Whole grain breads, pasta, nuts and seeds.
- Fruit, fruit peel, dried fruit and fruit containing seeds.
- Vegetables with skins, for example, peas, broad beans and sweetcorn.
- Vegetables that have stalks, for example, broccoli, cauliflower and cabbage.
- Tough, coarse meat.
- Fruit juices containing fruit pulp.

To ensure that your bowel is empty, you will need to use a small enema, called Fleet enema. You should use this about two hours before you plan to leave your home to attend your appointment.

The Fleet enema and instructions on how to use it should have been sent to you in the post with your appointment letter. If you have not received your enema, please contact the GI Unit.

If you think you may have a problem using the enema yourself, and do not have a relative or friend to help, you will need to contact your GP surgery as soon as possible. They can arrange for a community nurse to give you the enema.

You can eat food without fibre until you use the enema but after that, please only drink clear fluids until after your procedure. Clear fluids include drinks such as water, squash (not blackcurrant as it can stain your bowel), black tea/coffee and clear soup.

## What about my medication?

You should take your usual tablets as normal but **do not take** iron tablets, and stool-bulking medication such as:

- Fybogel
- Regularan
- Loperamide
- Lomotil
- Codeine phosphate – if you are taking this medication frequently, or have been taking it for a long period of time, please seek advice from your GP or pharmacist before stopping it suddenly

If you usually take any of the medications listed, you should **stop taking them three days before your appointment.**

## Anticoagulants

If you are taking medication that thins the blood, such as **warfarin, aspirin, clopidogrel** or **rivaroxaban**, you should be advised on whether to continue or stop taking the medication before the procedure. If not, please contact the GI Unit for advice on 01384 244113 (7am to 4pm, Monday to Friday).

## What does the procedure involve?

We will ask you to change into a patient procedure gown. If you have a lightweight dressing gown and prefer to wear your own, you are welcome to bring it with you.

You will need to lie on your left hand side with your knees bent. You will be covered at all times.

The endoscopist will:

- Perform a rectal examination before inserting the lubricated sigmoidoscope.
- Gently steer the sigmoidoscope around your bowel.
- Blow air occasionally into your bowel to inflate it so that it can be examined more closely.
- Take samples of the lining of your bowel (biopsies) if they are necessary to help with diagnosing the problem. This should not hurt.
- Once the procedure is completed, gently remove the sigmoidoscope.

If polyps are found during the examination, it may be possible for the endoscopist to remove them at the same time. However, for some people, it may be necessary to book another appointment. At this appointment, the whole of your colon will be inspected. This is known as a colonoscopy. If any polyps are detected, these will be removed then.

## Will the test hurt?

You may experience some slight discomfort during the test. This is because the bowel has bends which the endoscopist needs to steer the sigmoidoscope around.

You may feel a little bloated and that you want to go to the toilet. This feeling is due to the stretching of the bowel by blowing air into it. The feeling will pass quickly.

If biopsies are taken, you should not feel any discomfort.

## **What happens after the test is over?**

After the procedure, we will give you aftercare information before you leave the department.

## **When will I get my results?**

Your healthcare professional will tell you the result of the procedure before you go home.

If we have taken samples (biopsies), the results from the laboratory may not be available for a week or so. Your consultant may write to you with the results of the biopsies, or they may prefer to discuss them with you at an outpatient clinic appointment. We will send you this appointment through the post.

## **Treatment of haemorrhoids (piles)**

Sometimes we will treat haemorrhoids at the same appointment for flexible sigmoidoscopy. The treatment will usually be an injection or the application of rubber bands to the haemorrhoids. Your endoscopist will discuss this with you beforehand.

The treatment may cause some discomfort and soreness around the back passage afterwards. You may also pass some blood after a bowel movement. It may take a few days for everything to settle down again.

Everyone recovers differently and at their own pace so do not worry if you feel a little tired for a few days afterwards.

## **Who is treating me?**

A trained endoscopist will carry out your procedure.

## **Should I ask questions?**

We want you to be fully informed at all times so you should always ask any questions you may have. The person you ask will do her/his best to answer your questions. If they do not know, they will find someone else who is able to discuss any concerns you may have.

## Is there anything I should tell people?

If there is any procedure you **do not** want to happen, you should tell the people who are treating you. It is important for them to know about any illnesses or allergies which you have suffered from in the past.

Remember to tell the team about anything that concerns you or anything which may affect your general health.

## Consent

You will need to give your consent before the doctor or health professional examines or treats you.

As part of your treatment some kind of photographic record may be made – for example clinical photographs or video recordings. You will be told if this is likely to happen.

The photographs or recordings will be kept with your medical notes and will be held in confidence as part of your medical record. This means that they will normally be seen only by those involved in providing you with care, or those who need to check the quality of care you have received.

The use of photographs is extremely important for other NHS work such as teaching or medical research. However, we will not use yours in a way that allows your identity to be recognised without your permission.

We will ask you to sign a consent form once the procedure has been discussed with you. Health professionals must ensure that you know enough about the procedure beforehand, and that you are fully aware of the benefits and the risks of the procedure.

Once the consent form is completed, we will give you a copy to keep. If you later change your mind, you can withdraw your consent after signing.

If you have any questions, or if there is anything you do not understand about this leaflet, please contact:

GI Unit on 01384 244113 (7am to 4pm, Monday to Friday)

Russells Hall Hospital switchboard number: 01384 456111

**This leaflet can be downloaded or printed from:**

<http://dudleygroup.nhs.uk/services-and-wards/gastroenterology/>

If you have any feedback on this patient information leaflet, please email [patient.information@dgh.nhs.uk](mailto:patient.information@dgh.nhs.uk)

**This leaflet can be made available in large print, audio version and in other languages, please call 0800 073 0510.**

للحصول على هذه النشرة بحجم أكبر، وعلى شكل إصدار صوتي و بلغات أخرى، الرجاء الاتصال بالرقم 08000730510.

此宣传单可提供大字版本、音频版本和其它语言版本，请拨打电话：0800 073 0510。

Ulotka dostępna jest również w dużym druku, wersji audio lub w innym języku. W tym celu zadzwoń pod numer 0800 073 0510.

ਇਹ ਪਰਚਾ ਵੱਡੇ ਅੱਖਰਾਂ, ਬੋਲ ਕੇ ਰੀਕਾਰਡ ਕੀਤਾ ਹੋਇਆ ਅਤੇ ਦੂਸਰੀਆਂ ਭਾਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਵੀ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਹੋ ਸਕਦਾ ਹੈ, 0800 073 0510 ਤੇ ਫੋਨ ਕਰੋ ਜੀ।

Aceasta broșura poate fi pusă la dispoziție tipărită cu caractere mari, versiune audio sau în alte limbi, pentru acest lucru va rugăm sunați la 0800 073 0510.

یہ کتابچہ آپ کو بڑے حروف کی لکھائی، سمعی صورت اور دیگر زبانوں میں مہیا کیا جا سکتا ہے۔ برائے مہربانی فون نمبر 08000730510 پر رابطہ کریں۔